

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: IX	Department: Commerce
Skill Subject: Marketing and Sales	Part II– Subject Specific Skills
	Chapter 3: Basic Concepts of Sales and Selling

Q .No.	Questions – MCQs/ OTQs
1	Illums Electronics, a new business in the market, focuses on understanding customer needs and creating customized communication strategies to influence their purchase decisions. The company emphasizes that their task is not just about order-taking but involves planned efforts to provide personalized services, aiming for long-term business growth. Based on the above scenario, which primary function of marketing is Illums Electronics focusing on? a) Advertising b) Selling c) Product Development d) Market Research
2	Selling createsfor the products a. Utility b. Desire c. Need d. All the above
3	Selling isform of communication a. Planned b. Coordinated c. Personalized d. All of the above
4	Selling is a process in reality – Informative
5.	Selling through a group of people is called(Team Selling)
6	The products of daily use are sold in markets. (Local)
7	selling refers to convince the customer to buy the product. a. Local Market b. Mall c. Distributed marketing d. All the above
8	Assertion: Online selling is a form of direct selling. Reason: Vendors of various products and services sell their commodities directly to their customers via online means. The products can be sold at lesser prices as intermediaries are removed. a. Assertion is correct and reason is correct and a correct explanation to the assertion. b. Assertion is not correct and reason is correct c. Both assertion and reason are incorrect

	d. Assertion and reason are correct				
0	William of the Callerian terms of any heater				
9	Which of the following type of products are generally sold at customer's workplace? a. Groceries				
	b. Toiletries				
	c. Technical products				
	d. Electrical appliances				
10		ners based on a salesperson's attention and			
	commitment to customer needs over time. (Relationship Selling)				
11	Missionary selling is used to:				
	a. Educate the Customers				
	b. Build goodwill for the business/prod	luct			
	c. Influence the potential customers				
	d. All of the above.				
12	Consultative selling is used to				
	a. Provide personalized solution or custom	zation			
	b. Convert non-user to user				
	c. Sell through channels of distribution d. All of the above				
13.		I with their main features given in column II			
13.	Water the Type of Sening given in column	I With their main features given in column if			
	Column I	Column II			
	1. Missionary Selling	(i) creative skills of a salesperson.			
	2. Technical Selling	(ii) convert prospects into customers			
	3. Creative Selling4. Developmental Selling	(iii) Functions of the product (iv) building goodwill of the product			
	4. Developmental Sennig	(iv) building goodwin of the product			
	Choose the Correct option from the Followi	ng:			
	a. 1-(i),2-(ii),3-(iii),4-(iv)				
	b. 1-(ii),2-(iii),3-(i),4-(iv)				
	c. 1-(iv),2-(iii),3-(i),4-(ii)				
14	d. 1-(ii),2-(iv),3-(i),4-(iii) Marketing intermediaries are also called as	,			
14	Warketing intermediaties are also called as	·			
	a. Channel Members				
	b. Distribution Network				
	c. Middlemen				
	d. All the above				
15	Which channel member deals with the trad	ling of products in bulk quantity?			
1.5	Wholesalers				
16		product, store it, and sell it off at a profit to			
	retailers or other intermediaries.				
	a. Wholesalers				
	b. <mark>Distributors</mark> c. Retailers				
	d. None of the above				
17	Walmart, Lulu, Nesto are the examples of				
	a. Wholesalers				
	b. Distributors				
	c. Retailers				
	d. None of the above				

18	What are the channel partners involved in two-level of supply chain? Retailers and Wholesalers Producers
	Wholesalers Retailers
	Consumers
19	have changed traditional sales models by making some intermediaries obsolete and bringing new structures into picture. a. Online intermediaries b. Physical distribution
20	c. Both a and b d. None of the above
20	Functions of intermediaries are a. To keep record of invoices b. Promote the product c. Determine the price All of the above
21	Agents do notthe product. (own
22	 Assertion: Trade selling requires creative skills for convincing the customers Reason: Technical Selling involves the act of demonstration to deal with the functions of the product a. Assertion and Reason both are correct, and reason is correct explanation of assertion. b. Assertion and Reason both are correct, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion. c. Assertion is incorrect, but reason is correct.
23	d. Assertion and Reason both are not correct. Name the term used for group of people representing the sales department and other areas in a firm, all sharing a common goal of increased sales.
	Salesmen
24	Rohan occasionally visits doctors informing them about the new CT scan machine and sometimes simply to exchange greetings. Which type of selling task is he engaged in? a. Missionary selling b. Trade selling c. Consultative selling Technical selling
25	One of the following is not a basic sales task? a. Order taking b. Order-getting c. Supporting Market survey
26	Sale process isprocess (dynamic)
27	The intermediaries charge a fee usually in the form ofbased on the amount of the order. Commission

28	Jerome planned to celebrate his father's 60 th birthday and he had ordered a customized birthday cake which should convey the life story of his father as a retired official from			
	military service. He approached AR bakers and got the work done with the perfection he			
	wanted. Identify the type of sale to AR bakers.			
	Consultative selling			
29	Selling tasks are undertaken bySalesmen/ Sales person			
30	Goods and services are sold for			
	a. Ultimate consumption			
	b. For resale			
	c. For use in the operation of a business.			
	d. All the above			

SHORT-ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

	Basis	Missionary Selling	Technical Selling		
6.	How does Missionary selling differ from Technical Selling?				
	firm, all sharing a common goal of increased sales. They do the selling job together.				
	Team selling is a group of people representing the sales department and other areas in a				
	Team Selling				
	sold by the producers directly to the consumers. E.g. online selling				
	Direct Selling : Direct selling is a commercial practice where products and services are				
5.	Define Direct selling and Team Selling?				
		not lead to a sale			
		type of selling may or may	target		
	Objective	Relationship building. This	Objective is to achieve sales		
		customer needs over time			
		salesperson 's attention and commitment to	customized solutions		
		on a	and resources to create		
		ties to customers based	combine their expertise		
		the practice of building	where buyers and sellers		
	Meaning	Relationship selling is	Partnership selling is		
	Basis	Relationship Selling	Partnership Selling		
4.		lationship Selling and partnership			
4	and other customer support services.They help in providing economies of scale through specialization and division of labour.				
	Intermediaries provide specialized services like transportation, storage				
3.	Enumerate any two fun				
		The need is aroused through effect	ive communications.		
	creative side and	a. The creative safespersons are ex	pected to demonstrate then		
	_	e Customers often do not realise the . The creative salespersons are ex	•		
2.		-	_		
2.	opportunities of business in future. Which type of selling task requires greatest sales skills? Explain.				
	ers and provides more				
		Selling is a one of primary function of marketing that involves determining needs of customers and wants and aims at responding through planned, personalized			
	- 1 Sching is a one of brillian	v function of marketing that involv	ves determining needs of		

	Concept	The mission arm calling	The technical calling refers	
	Concept	The missionary selling The technical selling refers		
		refers to build goodwill,	to explaining the function	
		educate and ultimately	of a product to a customer	
		influence the actual or	and adapting it to individual	
		potential customer	customer needs.	
		rather than focusing on sales		
		only.		
	Objective	<u> </u>		
	Objective	Sales personnel who	Sales engineers' use their	
		undertake this task just	expert knowledge of	
		keep visiting the	product capabilities and	
		customers and keep them	design during selling	
		updated about the product	process. Their customers	
		besides taking up	on the buying side are also	
			, -	
		promotional activities.	often technically	
			very strong	
	Example	A sales person occasionally	A team of sales persons	
		visits doctors informing	showing a presentation on	
		them about the new CT	the new CT scan Machine.	
		scan machine or simply to	In fact, missionary selling	
		exchange greetings.	builds the base for	
		exchange greetings.		
			technical	
_			selling.	
7.	Explain Consultative selli			
	The salesperson learns abo	ut customer needs before talking	g product. Product knowledge	
	is transformed into a tailore	ed solution when the solution is	delivered and positioned based	
		nd language. This is done where	<u>=</u>	
		ilor making a suit for a customer	-	
		ustomer or a car manufacturer m		
			•	
0		Houses are also built on consulta	uive basis.	
8	Define Marketing interme		1 1	
		also known as middlemen, are in		
		goods and services from manufa		
		rs, physical distribution compan		
		ons, etc. to bridge the gap betwe	en producers and consumers.	
9	Classify Marketing intern	nediaries.		
	There are four generally red	cognized broad categories of inte	ermediaries: agents,	
	wholesalers, distributors an		_	
	*	gents or brokers are individuals	or companies that act as	
	_	facturing company. They do not	-	
	<u> </u>	they take possession of the prod		
	<u> </u>	• •	0.1	
	· ·	ofits through fees or commission		
		ke agents, wholesalers take title	· •	
	services that they ar	e selling. Wholesalers do not we	ork with small numbers of	
	product: they buy in bulk, and store the products in their own warehouses and storage places until it is time to resell them			
	9 5			
	3. Distributors: Distributors function similarly to wholesalers in that they take			
	ownership of the product, store it, and sell it off at a profit to retailers or other intermediaries. However, the key difference is that distributors ally themselves to complementary products			
	4. Retailers: Retailers	come in a variety of shapes and	sizes: from the corner	
	grocery store, to large chains like Wal-Mart and Target. Whatever their size,			
1	retailers purchase products from market intermediaries and sell them directly to			
	<u> </u>	roducts from market intermediate	ries and sell them directly to	
	<u> </u>		ries and sell them directly to	

0	What are the various factors affecting the Marketing Intermediaries Factors affecting the choice of Intermediaries: 1. Availability of Intermediaries 2. Services by Intermediaries e.g. Storage, Transportation, Assembling 3. Agreement between the company and the intermediaries 4. Cost involved 5. Legal restrictions
	5. Legal restrictions